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Compton Community
College District
2022 Redistricting
Community Outreach



Welcome

Agenda

Things we will cover:

- Redistricting Basics
- Traditional Redistricting Principles
- Communities of Interest
- Public Testimony on Communities of Interest
- Public Hearing Schedule

What is Redistricting

Definition

Redistricting is the process of adjusting district lines every 10 years after the release of the U.S. Census. The well-known examples are Congressional and State Legislative Districts, but local governments also must do redistricting.

- The Compton Community College District also must go through this process to ensure the districts are rebalanced after the decennial census.
- Beyond creating districts of equal population, redistricting also serves to empower local communities and preserve voting rights.

Traditional Redistricting Principles

Preventing a District from Becoming a Gerrymander

There are a number of criteria that have been used nationally and upheld by courts.

- Relatively equal size - people, not citizens
- Contiguous – districts should not hop/jump
- Maintain “*communities of interest*”
- Follow city/county/local government lines
- Keep districts compact – appearance/function

Traditional Redistricting Principles

Drawing New Districts for Fair Representation

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- Relatively equal size - people, not citizens
- Contiguous – districts should not hop/jump
- **Maintain “*communities of interest*”**
- Follow city/county/local government lines
- Keep districts compact – appearance/function

Communities of Interest

Bringing like people together for representation

Communities of interest are the building blocks of districts.

A community of interest includes ethnic and language minorities and other groups.

- Subjective
- Open-ended to be as inclusive as possible

Communities covered by the Voting Rights Act

- Latinos
- Asians
- African Americans

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While communities of interest may include race, it cannot be the *predominant factor* in drawing district boundaries.

Communities of Interest

Bringing like people together for representation

- Historical communities
- Economic interests
- Racial composition
- Ethnic Areas
- Cultural amenities
- Religious facilities
- Immigrant communities
- Languages spoken
- Geographic features
- Neighborhoods
- Economic opportunity zones
- Tourism Areas
- School districts
- Outdoor recreation areas
- Communities defined by natural resource features
- Downtown / Urban
- Rural or Agricultural
- Homeowner or Renters
- Creative arts communities
- Media markets
- *Many, many more*

What is NOT a Community of Interest

Preventing a Districting from Becoming a Gerrymander

The Fair Maps Act explicitly prohibits these groups from being considered as communities of interest

- Political party affiliation
- Incumbents
- Political candidates

Although the Fair Maps Act only applies to cities and counties, these rules are viewed as best practices for special districts.

Communities of Interest

Three Critical Questions in Defining YOUR Community

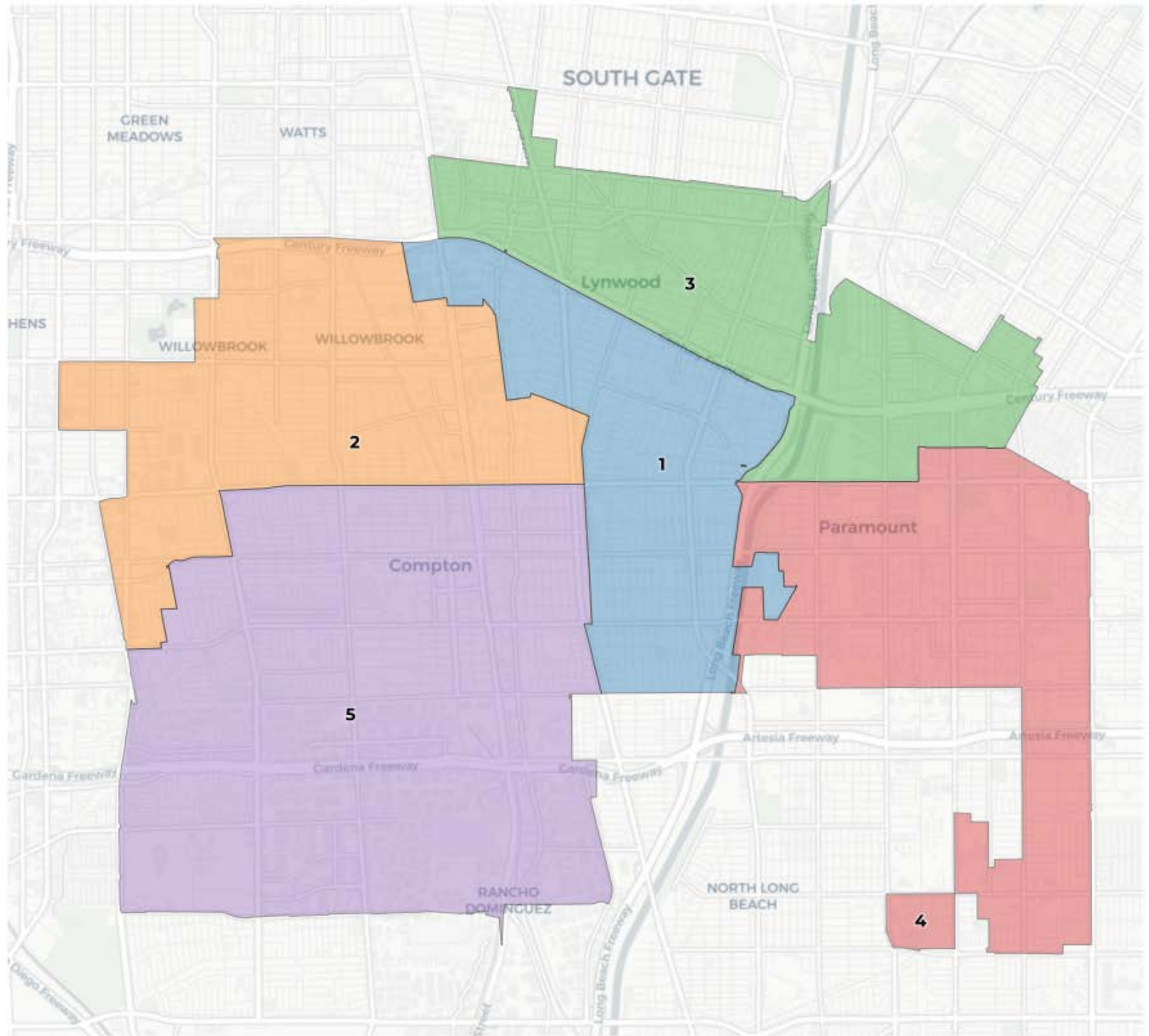
- Does the community have a shared culture, characteristics or bond?
- Is the community geographic in nature? Is the community able to be mapped?
- How would you describe the community's relationship with the jurisdiction, and how is your community affected by the policy decisions made by the elected officials?

Community of Interest Forms

Submitting Your COI Form

- Input can be provided in public hearings or using our Community of Interest Worksheet.
- This can be provided on the website as a part of overall community engagement strategy.
- Some agencies convert these to a webform or survey instrument.







	2020	2010	Change	
1	60,787	61,884	-1,097	-1.8%
2	60,514	57,757	2,757	4.8%
3	59,157	60,279	-1,122	-1.9%
4	61,794	61,134	660	1.1%
5	64,977	62,688	2,289	3.7%
<i>Total</i>	307,229	303,741	3,488	1.1%



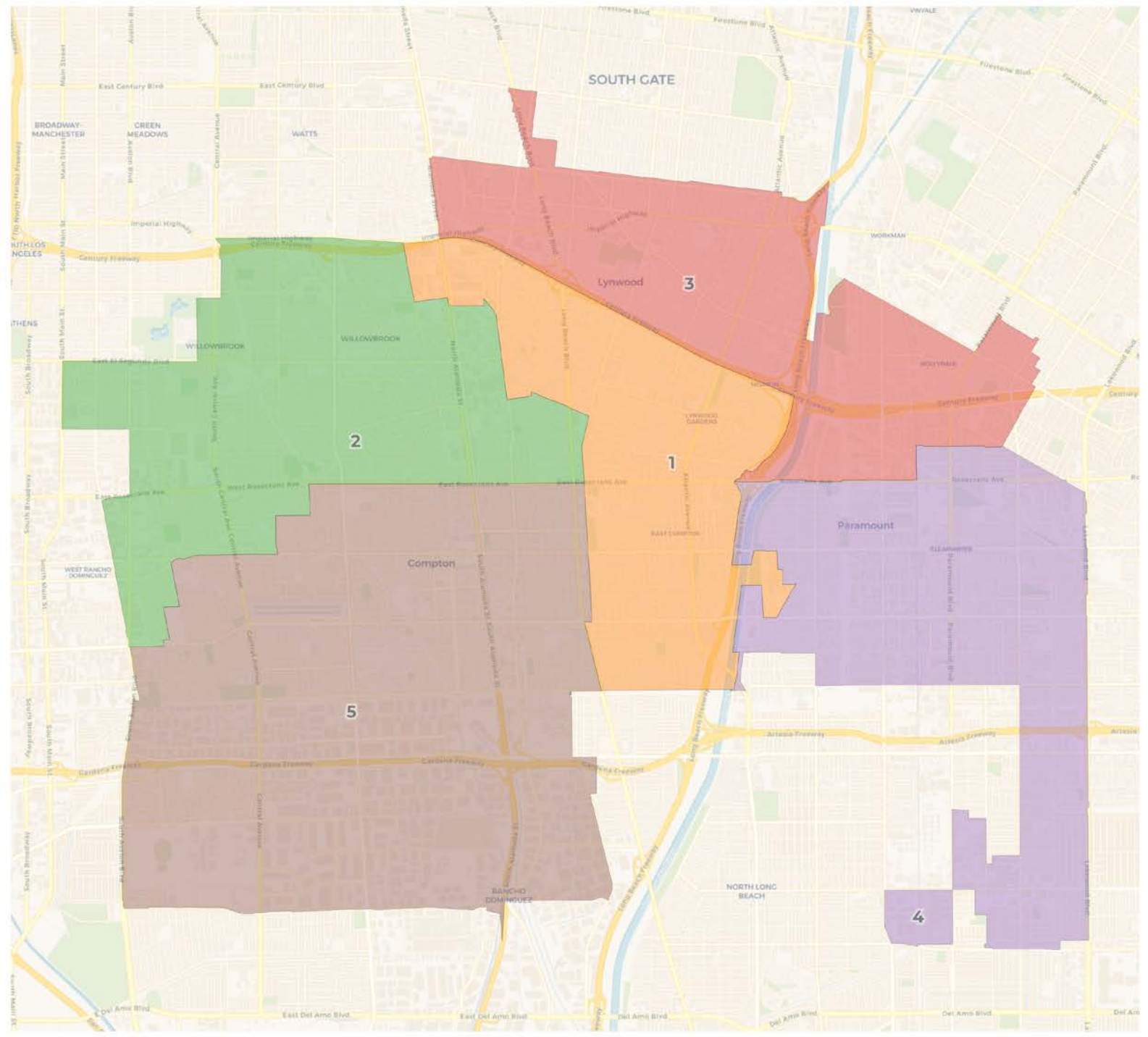
2020 Census

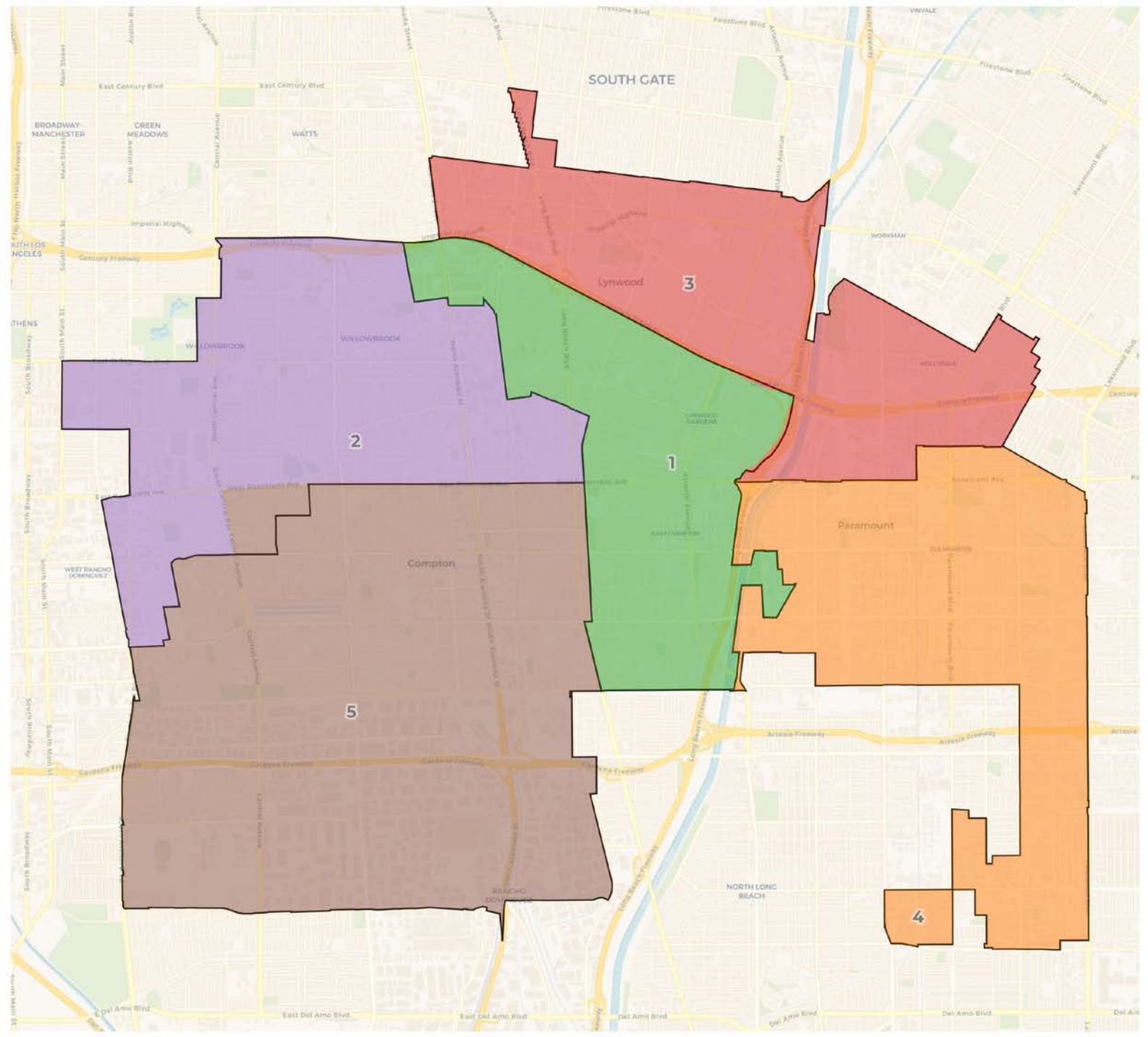
	1	2	3	4	5
Population	60,787	60,514	59,157	61,794	64,977
Deviation	-659	-932	-2,289	348	3,531
Deviation %	-1.1%	-1.5%	-3.7%	0.6%	5.7%
Other	1,963	2,010	2,403	5,987	3,165
Other %	3.2%	3.3%	4.1%	9.7%	4.9%
Latino	50,480			397	40,258
Latino %	83.0%			.2%	62.0%
Asian	271			721	1,211
Asian %	0.4%			.0%	1.9%
Black	8,073	16,485	3,559	8,689	20,343
Black %	13.3%	27.2%	6.0%	14.1%	31.3%

The total deviation of the plan is the sum of the absolute values of the highest and lowest districts. *Here the plan deviation is 9.4%*

Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)

	1	2	3	4	5
Total CVAP	29,712	31,638	30,652	33,101	37,073
Other CVAP	1,371	915	2,053	4,388	1,936
Other CVAP %	4.6%	2.9%	6.7%	13.3%	5.2%
Latino CVAP	20,798	17,274	24,964	20,080	16,209
Latino CVAP %	70.0%	54.6%	81.4%	60.7%	43.7%
Asian CVAP	293	198	473	2,530	726
Asian CVAP %	1.0%	0.6%	1.5%	7.6%	2.0%
Black CVAP	7,251	13,251	3,162	6,103	18,203
Black CVAP %	24.4%	41.9%	10.3%	18.4%	49.1%



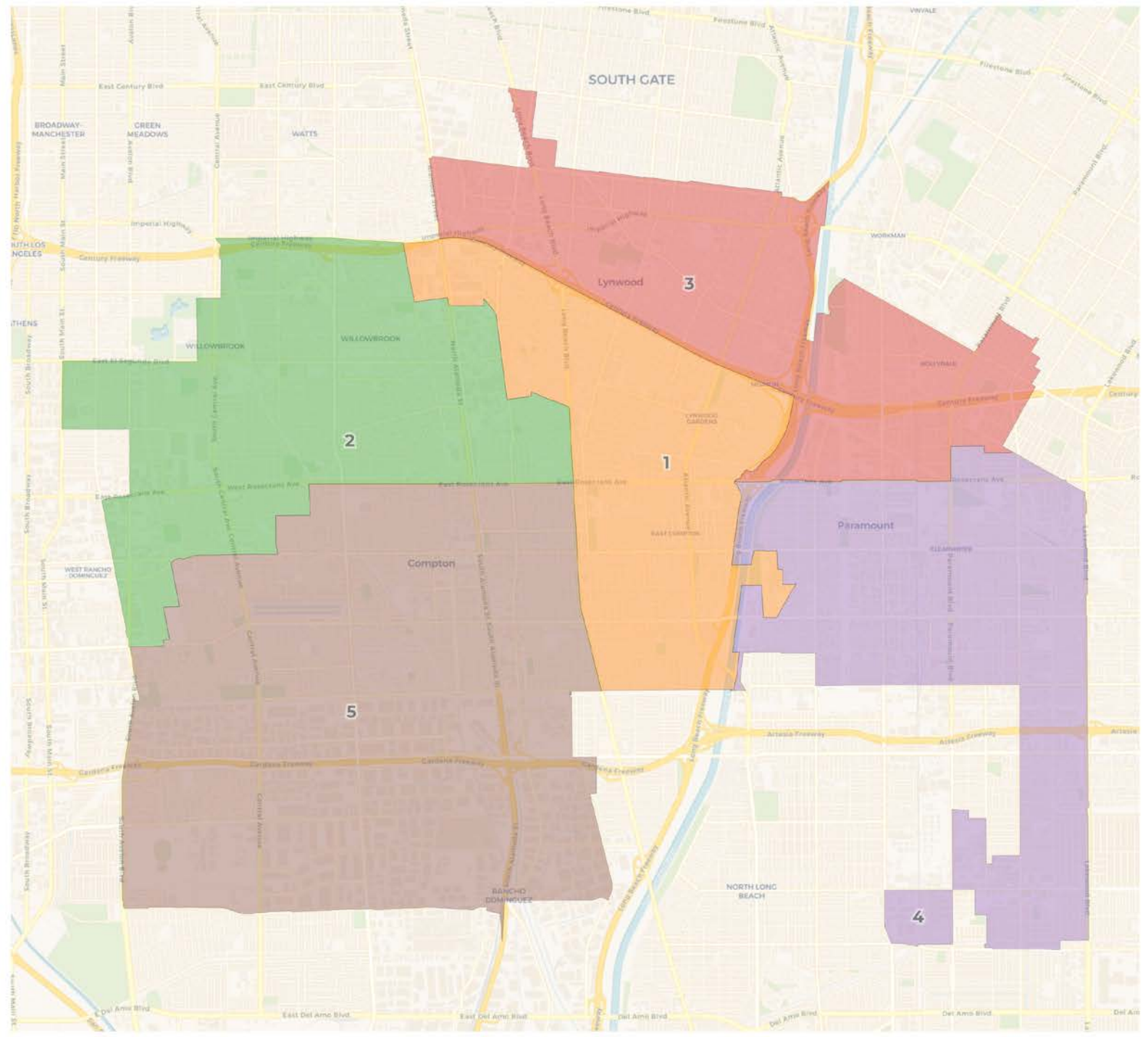


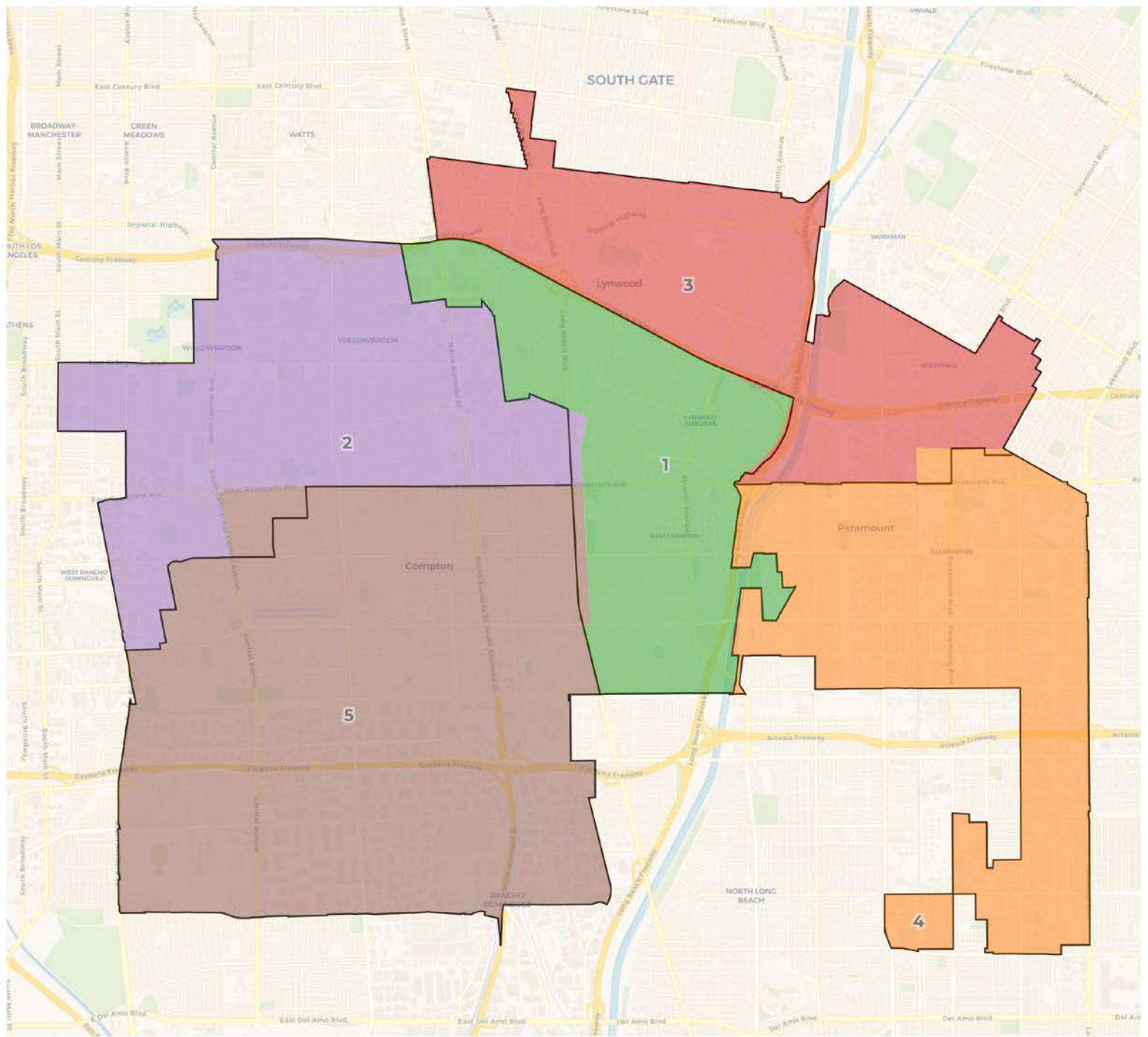
2020 Census

	1	2	3	4	5
Population	60,787	62,813	59,157	61,794	62,678
Deviation	-659	1,367	-2,289	348	1,232
Deviation %	-1.1%	2.2%	-3.7%	0.6%	2.0%
Other	1,963	2,077	2,403	5,987	3,098
Other %	3.2%	3.3%	4.1%	9.7%	4.9%
Latino	50,480	42,946	52,520	43,397	39,020
Latino %	83.0%	68.4%	88.8%	70.2%	62.3%
Asian	271	316	675	3,721	1,206
Asian %	0.4%	0.5%	1.1%	6.0%	1.9%
Black	8,073	17,474	3,559	8,689	19,354
Black %	13.3%	27.8%	6.0%	14.1%	30.9%

Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)

	1	2	3	4	5
Total CVAP	31,052	33,333	31,746	33,887	35,908
Other CVAP	1,584	1,427	1,961	4,156	1,911
Other CVAP %	5.1%	4.3%	6.2%	12.3%	5.3%
Latino CVAP	21,436	18,008	26,080	21,182	15,970
Latino CVAP %	69.0%	54.0%	82.2%	62.5%	44.5%
Asian CVAP	245	200	481	2,530	848
Asian CVAP %	0.8%	0.6%	1.5%	7.5%	2.4%
Black CVAP	7,787	13,698	3,224	6,019	17,179
Black CVAP %	25.1%	41.1%	10.2%	17.8%	47.8%





2020 Census

	1	2	3	4	5
Population	61,532	62,523	60,471	60,480	62,223
Deviation	86	1,077	-975	-966	777
Deviation %	0.1%	1.8%	-1.6%	-1.6%	1.3%
Other	2,008	2,072	2,474	5,916	3,058
Other %	3.3%	3.3%	4.1%	9.8%	4.9%
Latino	51,051	42,683	53,597	42,320	38,712
Latino %	83.0%	68.3%	88.6%	70.0%	62.2%
Asian	274	316	705	3,691	1,203
Asian %	0.4%	0.5%	1.2%	6.1%	1.9%
Black	8,199	17,452	3,695	8,553	19,250
Black %	13.3%	27.9%	6.1%	14.1%	30.9%

Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)

	1	2	3	4	5
Total CVAP	31,435	33,211	32,444	33,189	35,647
Other CVAP	1,597	1,433	2,065	4,052	1,892
Other CVAP %	5.1%	4.3%	6.4%	12.2%	5.3%
Latino CVAP	21,665	17,893	26,555	20,707	15,856
Latino CVAP %	68.9%	53.9%	81.8%	62.4%	44.5%
Asian CVAP	247	200	497	2,514	846
Asian CVAP %	0.8%	0.6%	1.5%	7.6%	2.4%
Black CVAP	7,926	13,685	3,327	5,916	17,053
Black CVAP %	25.2%	41.2%	10.3%	17.8%	47.8%

Compton CCD Redistricting Process

Timeline for Upcoming Meetings

January, 2022

Public Hearing on draft maps
Third Committee Meeting (if needed)
Board of Trustees receives proposed map

February, 2022

Board of Trustees adopts revised Trustee
Areas

February 28th, 2022

Draft maps to LACOE



**REDISTRICTING
PARTNERS**